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Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level

Thursday 18 May 2023

Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes) Paper reference **WMA12/01**

Mathematics

International Advanced Subsidiary/Advanced Level

Pure Mathematics P2

You must have:
Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Yellow), calculator

Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 11 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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1. The continuous curve C has equation $y = f(x)$.

A table of values of x and y for $y = f(x)$ is shown below.

x	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.0
y	9.2	8.4556	3.8512	5.0342	7.8297	8.6

Use the trapezium rule with all the values of y in the table to find an approximation for

$$\int_4^5 f(x) dx$$

giving your answer to 3 decimal places.

(3)

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2.

In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

$$f(x) = 4x^3 - 8x^2 + 5x + a$$

where a is a constant.

Given that $(2x - 3)$ is a factor of $f(x)$,

(a) use the factor theorem to show that $a = -3$

(2)

(b) Hence show that the equation $f(x) = 0$ has only one real root.

(4)

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3. A circle C has centre $(2, 5)$

Given that the point $P(8, -3)$ lies on C

(a) (i) find the radius of C

(ii) find an equation for C

(3)

(b) Find the equation of the tangent to C at P giving your answer in the form $ax + by + c = 0$ where a, b and c are integers to be found.

(4)

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4. The binomial expansion, in ascending powers of x , of

$$(3 + px)^5$$

where p is a constant, can be written in the form

$$A + Bx + Cx^2 + Dx^3 \dots$$

where A , B , C and D are constants.

(a) Find the value of A

(1)

Given that

- $B = 18D$
- $p < 0$

(b) find

- the value of p
- the value of C

(6)

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5. Use the laws of logarithms to solve

$$\log_2(16x) + \log_2(x + 1) = 3 + \log_2(x + 6)$$

(5)

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8. (i) A student writes the following statement:

“When a and b are consecutive **prime** numbers, $a^2 + b^2$ is never a multiple of 10”

Prove by counter example that this statement is **not** true.

(2)

(ii) Given that x and y are even integers greater than 0 and less than 6, prove by exhaustion, that

$$1 < x^2 - \frac{xy}{4} < 15$$

(3)

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9.

In this question you must show all stages of your working.**Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.**

(a) Show that

$$3 \cos \theta (\tan \theta \sin \theta + 3) = 11 - 5 \cos \theta$$

may be written as

$$3 \cos^2 \theta - 14 \cos \theta + 8 = 0 \quad (3)$$

(b) Hence solve, for $0 < x < 360^\circ$

$$3 \cos 2x (\tan 2x \sin 2x + 3) = 11 - 5 \cos 2x$$

giving your answers to one decimal place.

(4)

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10. The curve C has equation

$$y = \frac{(x - k)^2}{\sqrt{x}} \quad x > 0$$

where k is a **positive** constant.

(a) Show that

$$\int_1^{16} \frac{(x - k)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = ak^2 + bk + \frac{2046}{5}$$

where a and b are integers to be found.

(5)

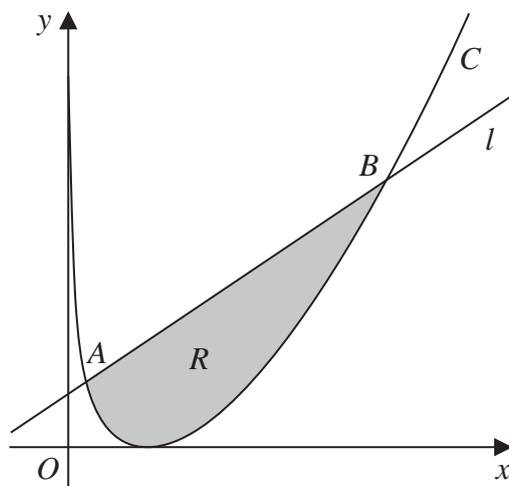


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of the curve C and the line l .

Given that l intersects C at the point $A(1, 9)$ and at the point $B(16, q)$ where q is a constant,

(b) show that $k = 4$

(2)

The region R , shown shaded in Figure 1, is bounded by C and l

Using the answers to parts (a) and (b),

(c) find the area of region R

(3)

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